

Uvre Limited (the "Company")

Corporate Governance Statement

This Corporate Governance Statement is current as at 28 September 2023 and has been approved by the Board of the Company on that date.

This Corporate Governance Statement discloses the extent to which the Company has, as at 28 September 2023 followed the recommendations set by the ASX Corporate Governance Council in its publication Corporate Governance Principles and Recommendations (4th edition) (**Recommendations**). The Recommendations are not mandatory. However, the Company will be required to provide a statement in its future annual reports (post-listing) disclosing the extent to which the Company has followed the Recommendations.

The Board of the Company currently has in place corporate governance policies and charters which have been posted in a dedicated corporate governance information section of the Company's website at <https://uvrelimited.com/corporate/corporate-governance/>

CORPORATE GOVERNANCE PRINCIPLES AND RECOMMENDATIONS		COMPLY (Yes/No)	EXPLANATION
1.	Lay solid foundations for management and oversight		
1.1	Companies should have and disclose a board charter: (a) the respective roles and responsibilities of its board and management; and (b) those matters expressly reserved to the board and those delegated to management.	Yes	<p>The Company has adopted a Board Charter that sets out the specific roles and responsibilities of the board of directors (Board), the Chair and management and includes a description of those matters expressly reserved to the Board and those delegated to management.</p> <p>The Board Charter sets out the specific responsibilities of the Board, requirements as to the Board's composition, the roles and responsibilities of the Directors, Chairman and Company Secretary, the establishment, operation and management of Board Committees, Directors' access to Company records and information, details of the Board's relationship with management, details of the Board's performance review and details of the Board's disclosure policy.</p> <p>A copy of the Company's Board Charter, which is part of the</p>

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			Company's Corporate Governance Plan, is available on the Company's website.
1.2	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) undertake appropriate checks before appointing a person, or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a director; and</p> <p>(b) provide security holders with all material information in its possession relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a director.</p>	Yes	<p>The process for selection, appointment, and re-appointment of directors is detailed in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter.</p> <p>The Company's Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter (in the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) requires the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to ensure appropriate checks (including checks in respect of character, experience, education, criminal record and bankruptcy history (as appropriate)) are undertaken before appointing a person or putting forward to security holders a candidate for election, as a Director.</p> <p>Under the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter, all material information relevant to a decision on whether or not to elect or re-elect a Director must be provided to security holders in the Notice of Meeting containing the resolution to elect or re-elect a Director.</p> <p>Information in respect to each Directors experience and qualifications are outlined in the Annual Report. Directors will be put forward for re-election at the Company's Annual General Meeting in accordance with the Company's Director rotation policy.</p>
1.3	Companies should have a written agreement with each director and senior executive setting out the terms of their appointment.	Yes	<p>Detailed in the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter. The Company requires each director and senior executive to execute a written agreement setting out the terms of their appointment.</p> <p>The Company has written agreements with each of its Directors and executive service agreements with key management personnel.</p>

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1.4	The company secretary should be accountable directly to the board, through the chair, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the board.	Partially	<p>The Board Charter outlines the roles, responsibility, and accountability of the Company Secretary. In accordance with this, the Company Secretary is accountable directly to the Board, on all matters to do with the proper functioning of the Board.</p> <p>The Company only partially complies with this Recommendation as the Company Secretary is also the Chair of the Board.</p>
1.5	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) have a diversity policy which includes requirements for the board or a relevant committee of the board to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity and to assess annually both the objectives and the entity's progress in achieving them;</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it; and</p> <p>(c) disclose as at the end of each reporting period the measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity set by the board or a relevant committee of the board in accordance with the entity's diversity policy and its progress towards achieving them and either:</p> <p>(1) the respective proportions of men and women on the board, in senior executive positions and across the whole organisation (including how the entity has defined "senior executive" for these purposes); or</p> <p>(2) if the entity is a "relevant employer" under the Workplace Gender Equality Act, the entity's most recent "Gender Equality Indicators", as defined in and published under that Act.</p>	Partially	<p>The Company has adopted a Diversity Policy which provides a framework for the Company to establish and achieve measurable diversity objectives, including in respect of gender diversity. The Diversity Policy allows the Board to set measurable gender diversity objectives if considered appropriate, and to assess annually both the objectives if any have been set and the Company's progress in achieving them.</p> <p>The respective proportions of men and women on the Board, key management personnel and across the whole organisation is outlined below</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 150px; width: 100%;"></div> <p>The Company is yet to set measurable objectives for achieving gender diversity given its current size and limited operations at present. The Company intends to select the best available officers and staff for each relevant position in a non-discriminatory manner based on merit.</p> <p>The Board is committed to developing a diverse workplace where appropriate appointments and advancements are made on a fair and</p>

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			<p>equitable basis.</p> <p>The Diversity Policy is available, as part of the Corporate Governance Plan, on the Company's website.</p>
1.6	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of the board, its committees; and</p> <p>(b) disclose for each reporting period whether a performance evaluation has been undertaken in accordance with that process during or in respect of that period.</p>	Yes	<p>The Board is responsible for evaluating the performance of the Board, its committees and individual Directors and senior executives on an annual basis. It may do so with the aid of an independent advisor. The process for this is set out in the Company's Board Charter, which is available on the Company's website.</p> <p>As at the date of this Statement, no formal performance evaluation has yet been undertaken given the current stage of the Company's operations, and the recent listing on ASX and adoption of this framework. However, the Company will disclose if and when it has conducted any performance evaluations.</p>
1.7	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a process for periodically evaluating the performance of its senior executives; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether a performance evaluation was undertaken in the reporting period in accordance with that process.</p>	Yes	<p>Under the Board Charter, the Board (with the advice and assistance of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee when established) is responsible for reviewing and approving the performance of the members of the executive leadership team.</p> <p>As at the date of this Statement, no formal performance evaluation has yet been undertaken given the current stage of the Company's operations and the recent listing on ASX and adoption of this framework. However, the Company will disclose if and when it has conducted any performance evaluations.</p>
2.	Structure the board to add value		
2.1	<p>The board should:</p> <p>(a) have a nomination committee which:</p>	Yes	<p>The Board has not established a Remuneration and Nomination Committee to oversee the selection and appointment practices of the Company as the Company is not yet of a suitable size nor board structure.</p>

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	<p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a nomination committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs to address board succession issues and to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence, and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>		<p>The Remuneration and Nomination Committee when formed is to be governed by a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.</p> <p>The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter prohibits a member of the Committee from being present for discussions at a Committee meeting on, or to vote on a matter regarding, his or her election, re-election, or removal.</p> <p>The Board as a whole undertakes the role of the nomination committee and takes guidance from the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter to ensure that the board has the appropriate balance of skills, knowledge, experience, independence, and diversity to enable it to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p>
2.2	Companies should have and disclose a board skills matrix setting out the mix of skills and diversity that the board currently has or is looking to achieve in its membership.	Yes	<p>The Company's Board in accordance with the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter is responsible for regularly reviewing the size, composition, and skills of the Board to ensure that the Board is able to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively and to identify any gaps in the skills or experience of the Board.</p> <p>In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Board has established a board skills matrix and has reviewed the skills, experience, and expertise of each of its directors across the following</p>

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			<p>categories:</p> <p>Finance, Industry, Investor/Public Relations, Health, Safety/Environment, Legal, Risk & Compliance, Corporate Governance and Strategy.</p> <p>The Board following review of the matrix have not identified any material weakness in the Board's ability to discharge its duties and responsibilities effectively.</p> <p>Details of each of the Director's skills and experience are outlined in the Company's Prospectus and Annual Report.</p>
2.3	<p>Companies should disclose:</p> <p>(a) the names of the directors considered by the board to be independent directors;</p> <p>(b) if a director has an interest, position, association, or relationship of the type described in Box 2.3 but the board is of the opinion that it does not compromise the independence of the director, the nature of the interest, position, association or relationship in question and an explanation of why the board is of that opinion; and</p> <p>(c) the length of service of each director.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company should assess the independence of its directors against the requirements for independence in the Board Charter which should reflect the independence criteria detailed in the ASX Corporate Governance Principles.</p> <p>Director independence should initially be assessed upon each director's appointment and reviewed each year, or as required when a new personal interest or conflict of interest is disclosed. Directors should disclose all actual or potential conflicts of interest on an ongoing basis.</p> <p>The Company has disclosed those Directors considered independent in its Prospectus and Annual Report. The Board considers Mr Steven Wood and Mr Charles Nesbitt to be independent directors.</p> <p>Mr Steven Wood has a relevant interest in a services agreement the Company has with Grange Consulting Group. This is not however a material agreement and is not considered to interfere with Mr Wood's ability to bring independent judgement in respect to Board decisions.</p> <p>Each of the Directors were appointed to the Board on 12 May 2021</p>

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			<p>other than Mr Brett Mitchell who was appointed upon admission to the ASX.</p> <p>The Company's Annual Report will disclose the length of service of each Director, as at the end of the financial year.</p>
2.4	A majority of the board should be independent directors.	No	<p>The Board's Charter requires that, where practical, the majority of the Board be comprised of independent directors.</p> <p>The Board has considered independence and only two of the four are considered independent.</p>
2.5	The chair of the board should be an independent director and, in particular, should not be the same person as the CEO.	Yes	<p>The Board should appoint a chair that is independent as outlined in the Boards Charter.</p> <p>The Chair of the Company is Mr Steven Wood, who is an independent director and has not been the CEO nor managing director.</p>
2.6	Companies should have a program for inducting new directors and provide appropriate professional development opportunities for directors to develop and maintain the skills and knowledge needed to perform their role as directors effectively.	Yes	<p>Upon appointment, new Directors will be subject to relevant induction procedures to provide the incoming individual with sufficient knowledge of the entity and its operating environment to enable them to fulfil their role effectively.</p> <p>In accordance with the Company's Board Charter, the Remuneration and Nomination Committee when formed (or, in its absence, the Board) is responsible for the approval and review of induction and continuing professional development programs and procedures for Directors to ensure that they can effectively discharge their responsibilities. The Company Secretary is responsible for facilitating inductions and professional development.</p>

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3	Act ethically and responsibly		
3.1	A listed entity should articulate and disclose its values.	Yes	<p>The Board has adopted a Statement of Values for the purpose of ensuring that the Company's values create a link between the Company's purpose and its strategic goals by expressing the standards and behaviours that it expects from Directors, senior executives and employees to fulfil its purpose and meet its goals.</p> <p>These values are outlined in the Company's Corporate Code of Conduct which is available on the Company's website.</p>
3.2	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) have a code of conduct for its directors, senior executives and employees; and</p> <p>(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material breaches of that code.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct applies to the Company's Directors, senior executives and employees. Any material breaches should be disclosed to the Board or to the Remuneration and Nomination committee (when established).</p> <p>The Company's Corporate Code of Conduct (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.</p>
3.3	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose a whistle blower policy; and</p> <p>(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is informed of any material incidents reported under that policy.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company's Whistle Blower Policy (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.</p> <p>Any material breaches should be disclosed to the Board or to the Risk and Audit Committee when formed.</p>
3.4	<p>A listed entity should:</p> <p>(a) have and disclose an anti-bribery and corruption policy; and</p> <p>(b) ensure that the board or a committee of the board is</p>	Yes	<p>The Company's Anti-Bribery and Corruption Policy (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan) is available on the Company's website.</p> <p>Any material breaches should be disclosed to the Board or to the Risk</p>

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	informed of any material breaches of that policy.		and Audit Committee when formed.
4	Safeguard integrity in corporate reporting		
4.1	<p>The board should:</p> <p>(a) have an audit committee which:</p> <p>(1) has at least three members, all of whom are non-executive directors and a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director, who is not the chair of the board,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the relevant qualifications and experience of the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) in relation to each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an audit committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs that independently verify and safeguard the integrity of its corporate reporting, including the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditor and the rotation of the audit engagement partner.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company has adopted a Risk and Audit Committee Charter (which forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan), however it does not have a separate Audit Committee. In view of the size and resources available to the Company, the Board is of the view that the experience and professionalism of the persons on the Board are sufficient to ensure that all significant financial reporting matters are appropriately addressed and actioned.</p> <p>Acting in its ordinary capacity from time to time as required, the Board carries out the processes that would be undertaken by the Audit Committee under the Audit and Risk Committee Charter including the following processes to independently verify the integrity of the Company's periodic reports which are not audited or reviewed by an external auditor, as well as the processes for the appointment and removal of the external auditors and the rotation of the audit engagement partner:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - through the Board devoting time at annual Board meetings to fulfilling the roles and responsibilities associated with maintaining the Company's internal audit function and arrangements with external auditors; and - through all members of the Board being involved in the Company's audit function to ensure the proper maintenance of the entity and the integrity of all financial reporting. <p>As the Company's operations evolve, the Board will reconsider the appropriateness of forming a formal Audit Committee.</p> <p>The qualification of the Board members and number of meetings attended during the financial year is outlined in the Company's Annual</p>

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			Report. A copy of the Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.
4.2	The board should, before it approves the entity's financial statements for a financial period, receive from its CEO and CFO a declaration that, in their opinion, the financial records of the entity have been properly maintained and that the financial statements comply with the appropriate accounting standards and give a true and fair view of the financial position and performance of the entity and that the opinion has been formed on the basis of a sound system of risk management and internal control which is operating effectively.	Yes	The Company's Risk and Audit Committee Charter requires the CEO and CFO (or, if none, the person(s) fulfilling those functions) to provide a sign off on these terms. The Company has obtained such sign off on its financial accounts.
4.3	A listed entity should disclose its process to verify the integrity of any periodic corporate report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor	Yes	Under the Board's Charter, the Board, with the assistance of the Audit and Risk Management Committee when formed should ensure that there is a process to verify the integrity of any periodic report it releases to the market that is not audited or reviewed by an external auditor. The Board should be responsible under the Charter for the disclosure of this process to the market for the benefit of investors. The Managing Director and Company Secretary are responsible for reviewing all communication to the market to ensure they are full and accurate and comply with the Company's obligations.
5	Make timely and balanced disclosure		
5.1	A listed entity should have and disclose a written policy for complying with its continuous disclosure obligations under listing rule 3.1.	Yes	The Company should be committed to taking a proactive approach to continuous disclosure and creating a culture within the Company that promotes and facilitates compliance with the Company's continuous disclosure obligations. The Company has adopted a written policy to ensure compliance with

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			their ASX Listing Rule disclosure obligations. A copy of the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy is available on the Company's website.
5.2	A listed entity should ensure that its board receives copies of all material market announcements promptly after they have been made.	Yes	<p>The Company should ensure, as part of its Continuous Disclosure Policy that there is a nominated person responsible for the delivery of all material market announcements to the Board after they have been made.</p> <p>It is the Company Secretary's responsibility under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy.</p>
5.3	A listed entity that gives a new and substantive investor or analyst presentation should release a copy of the presentation materials on the ASX Market Announcements Platform ahead of the presentation.	Yes	<p>The Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy should ensure that the Company makes timely disclosure of any presentation to new and substantive investors or analysts irrespective of whether the information contained in it is material. This is to ensure the equality of information among investors.</p> <p>It is the Company Secretary's responsibility under the Company's Continuous Disclosure Policy.</p>
6	Respect the rights of security holders		
6.1	Companies should provide information about itself and its governance to investors via its website.	Yes	The Company's website https://www.uvrelimited.com/ provides information about the Company including information relevant to investors including the Company's Corporate Governance Plan, ASX Announcements, Financial Report and Directors/Management.
6.2	Companies should design and implement an investor relations program to facilitate effective two-way communication with investors.	Yes	<p>The Company has adopted a Shareholder Communications Strategy which aims to promote and facilitate effective two-way communication with investors. The Strategy outlines a range of ways in which information is communicated to shareholders and is available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.</p> <p>Investors are encouraged to attend the Company's security holder</p>

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			meetings, and are able to contact the Company's management via the Company Secretary or the investor relations team.
6.3	Companies should disclose the policies and processes it has in place to facilitate and encourage participation at meetings of security holders.	Yes	Shareholders are encouraged to participate at all general meetings and AGMs of the Company. Refer to the Company's Shareholder Communication Strategy available on the Company's website as part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.
6.4.	A listed entity should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.	Yes	<p>As part of the Shareholder Communications Strategy, the Company should ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by poll rather than by hand. This should be the responsibility of the person chairing the meeting to ensure certainty.</p> <p>The Company intends to ensure that all substantive resolutions at a meeting of security holders are decided by a poll rather than by a show of hands.</p>
6.5	Companies should give security holders the option to receive communications from, and send communications to, the entity and its security registry electronically.	Yes	<p>The Company's share register is currently maintained by Automic Registry Services. Shareholders have the option of receiving shareholder communications from the Company and Automic electronically unless an original signature or documents is required.</p> <p>Shareholders can register on the Company's website to receive email notifications when an announcement is made by the Company to the ASX, including the release of the Annual Report, half yearly reports and quarterly reports.</p>
7	Recognise and manage risk		
7.1	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) have a committee or committees to oversee risk, each of which:</p>	Yes	The Company's Corporate Governance Plan contains an Audit and Risk Committee Charter that provides for the creation of an Audit and Risk Committee, with at least three members, all of whom must be independent Directors, and which must be chaired by an independent

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	<p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a risk committee or committees that satisfy (a) above, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for overseeing the entity's risk management framework.</p>		<p>Director.</p> <p>The Company does not currently have a risk committee. In conjunction with the other corporate governance policies, the Company has adopted a Risk Management Policy which is designed to assist the Company to identify, assess, monitor and manage its business risk, including any material changes to its risk profile. The Risk Management Policy forms part of the Company's Corporate Governance Plan.</p> <p>The Risk and Audit Committee when formed should be responsible for ensuring that the Company maintains effective risk management and internal control systems and processes and provides regular reports to the Board on these matters.</p> <p>Until such time that a Committee is formed, the Board as a whole is broadly responsible for risk management, including the review of any risk management system or series of systems that may be implemented by management on a project basis.</p> <p>A copy of the Corporate Governance Plan is available on the Company's website.</p>
7.2	<p>The board or a committee of the board should:</p> <p>(a) review the entity's risk management framework at least annually to satisfy itself that it continues to be sound; and</p> <p>(b) disclose, in relation to each reporting period, whether such a review has taken place.</p>	Yes	<p>The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires that the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) should, at least annually, satisfy itself that the Company's risk management framework continues to be sound.</p> <p>As part of its preparation for listing on ASX, the Company undertook an analysis of all key risks facing this business which are outlined in the Company's Prospectus. The Board intends to undertake an annual review of these risks.</p>
7.3	Companies should disclose:	Yes	The Audit and Risk Committee Charter provides for the Audit and Risk

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	<p>(a) if it has an internal audit function, how the function is structured and what role it performs; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have an internal audit function, that fact and the processes it employs for evaluating and continually improving the effectiveness of its risk management and internal control processes.</p>		<p>Committee to monitor the need for an internal audit function.</p> <p>The Company did not have an internal audit function for the past financial period given the stage and size of the Company's operations being an unlisted company.</p> <p>The Board (in the absence of an Audit Committee) will be responsible for ensuring that sound risk management policies are in place for the Company, and reporting to the Board as appropriate following the Company's listing on the ASX. Management is further responsible for undertaking and assessing risk management and internal control effectiveness, and the Board assumes the responsibility to establish and implement effective management and internal control processes.</p>
7.4	Companies should disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.	Yes	<p>The Audit and Risk Committee Charter requires the Audit and Risk Committee (or, in its absence, the Board) to assist management determine whether the Company has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p> <p>The Company's Corporate Governance Plan requires the Company to disclose whether it has any material exposure to economic, environmental and social sustainability risks and, if it does, how it manages or intends to manage those risks.</p> <p>The Company has disclosed any material risk exposures in its Prospectus and will continue to disclose any material risk exposures in its Annual Report, through ASX announcements and on its ASX website as part of its continuous disclosure obligations.</p>
8	Remunerate fairly and responsibly		
8.1	<p>Companies should:</p> <p>(a) have a remuneration committee which:</p>	Yes	At this time, the Board has not established a separate Remuneration and Nomination Committee due to the Company's current position and size.

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	<p>(1) has at least three members, a majority of whom are independent directors; and</p> <p>(2) is chaired by an independent director,</p> <p>and disclose:</p> <p>(3) the charter of the committee;</p> <p>(4) the members of the committee; and</p> <p>(5) as at the end of each reporting period, the number of times the committee met throughout the period and the individual attendances of the members at those meetings; or</p> <p>(b) if it does not have a remuneration committee, disclose that fact and the processes it employs for setting the level and composition of remuneration for directors and senior executives and ensuring that such remuneration is appropriate and not excessive.</p>		<p>The Board has however adopted a Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter which describes the role, composition, functions and responsibilities of the Remuneration and Nomination Committee. Until such time that a separate committee is established, the Board remains responsible for such matters and will discharge its responsibilities in accordance with the Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter (to the extent practicable).</p> <p>The Board will review, on an annual basis, executive remuneration and incentive policies. In addition, the Board will review and approve the audited remuneration report set out in the Directors' Report contained in the Company's Annual Report. The Board will consult external consultants and specialists as deemed necessary</p> <p>The number of times the Board meets during a reporting period is detailed in the Company's Annual Report to shareholders.</p>
8.2	Companies should separately disclose its policies and practices regarding the remuneration of non-executive directors and the remuneration of executive directors and other senior executives.	Yes	The Remuneration and Nomination Committee Charter provides that the Remuneration and Nomination Committee (or the Board in its absence), is responsible for establishing the policies and practices of the Company regarding remuneration of the directors and other senior executives and reviewing all components of their remuneration framework, advising the Board on the composition of the Board and its committees, reviewing the performance of the Board, its committees and the individual directors, ensuring that proper succession plans are in place and advising the Board in respect of the effectiveness of its corporate governance policies and developments in corporate governance.

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			The remuneration of Directors following listing of the Company on the ASX is disclosed in the Company's Prospectus and Annual Report.
8.3	<p>A company which has an equity-based remuneration scheme should:</p> <p>(a) have a policy on whether participants are permitted to enter into transactions (whether through the use of derivatives or otherwise) which limit the economic risk of participating in the scheme; and</p> <p>(b) disclose that policy or a summary of it.</p>	Yes	<p>The Company has adopted a Securities Trading Policy which provides that participants must not, without prior written approval by the relevant person specified in the Policy, engage in hedging arrangements, deal in derivatives or enter into other arrangements which vary economic risk related to the Company's securities.</p> <p>The Company's Share Trading Policy is available on the website.</p>
9	Additional recommendations that apply only in certain cases		
9.1.	A listed entity with a director who does not speak the language in which board or security holder meetings are held or key corporate documents are written should disclose the processes it has in place to ensure the director understands and can contribute to the discussions at those meetings and understands and can discharge their obligations in relation to those documents.	Not applicable	The Company, as part of its Risk Management Policy will ensure that there are appropriate processes in place for directors who do not speak or read in the language of the Board to ensure understanding, contribution, and discharge of their duties. Whilst it should be the ultimate responsibility of the Company's Management, the Audit and Risk Committee should assist in developing these processes.
9.2	A listed entity established outside Australia should ensure that meetings of security holders are held at a reasonable place and time.	Not applicable	
9.3	Companies should ensure that its external auditor attends its AGM and is available to answer questions from security holders relevant to the audit.	Yes	The Company will require its external auditor to attend its AGM to answer any questions from shareholders relevant to the audit and this is specifically detailed in the Company's Shareholder Communication Policy which is available on the Company's website.